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Mathematics

- 1. The value of $\sin 30^{\circ} \cos 45^{\circ} + \cos 30^{\circ} \sin 45^{\circ}$ (b) $\frac{1+\sqrt{3}}{2\sqrt{2}}$ (d) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ (a) $\frac{1-\sqrt{3}}{2}$
- **2**. The solution of $\triangle ABC$ given that $B = 45^{\circ}$, $C = 105^{\circ}$ and $c = \sqrt{2}$ is

(a) $A = 30^{\circ}$, $a = \sqrt{3} - 1$, $b = \sqrt{2} (\sqrt{3} - 1)$ (b) $A = 30^{\circ}$, $a = \sqrt{3} + 1$, $b = \sqrt{2}(\sqrt{3} - 1)$ (c) $A = 30^{\circ}$, $a = 1 - \sqrt{3}$, $b = \sqrt{2} (\sqrt{3} + 1)$ (d) $A = 30^{\circ}$, $a = \sqrt{3} - 1$, $b = \sqrt{2} (\sqrt{3} + 1)$

3. If $\tan \theta = \frac{b}{a}$, then the value of $a \cos 2\theta + b \sin 2\theta$ is (a) b (c) $\frac{a}{b}$ (d) $\frac{a}{a+b}$

4. The general solution of $\sqrt{3} \cos x + \sin x = 3$ is (a) $2n\pi \pm \frac{\pi}{6}$ (b) $2n\pi \pm \frac{\pi}{3}$

(c) no solution

5. The value of $\frac{1 - \tan^2 15^\circ}{1 + \tan^2 15^\circ}$ is

(a)
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$$
 (c) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}}$

(c) $\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$

6. A random variable X has the following probability distribution

(d) $n\pi \pm \frac{\pi}{6}$

(b) √3

(d) 2

x	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
P(X = x)	а	3а	5a	7a	9a	11 <i>a</i>	13a	15a	17a
Then, the	Then, the value of 'a' is					•			
(a) 1/81) 2/8				
(c) 5/81		(d) 7/81							
7. The sum of	7. The sum of $11^2 + 12^2 + + 30^2$								
(a) 8070	I			()	o) 90'	70			
(c) 1080	r			(0	i) 97(00			

- 8. If A and B are two square matrices such that $B = -A^{-1}BA$, then $(A + B)^2$ will be equal to (a) 0
 - (b) $A^2 + 2AB + B^2$
 - (c) $A^2 + B^2$ (d) A + B
- 9. Consider the system of linear equations
 - $3x_1 + 7x_2 + x_3 = 2$ $x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 = 3$ $2x_1 + 3x_2 + 4x_3 = 13$
 - The system has
 - (a) infinitely many solutions
 - (b) exactly 3 solutions
 - (c) a unique solution
 - (d) no solution

(c) π/

10. If α , β are the roots of the equation $x^2 - 2x + 4 = 0$, then the value of $\alpha^6 \perp \beta^6$ is

	TE A :. +1		b a t		n and h an
	(c) 256				(d) 132
/	(a) 64				(b) 128
	the value t	лu -	τp	15	

11. If θ is the angle between **a** and **b** and $|\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b}| = |\mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{b}|$, then θ is equal to (a) 0

	(b) π
2	(d) π/4

12. ABCD is a parallelogram with AC and BD as diagonals. Then, AC - BD is equal to (a) 4AB

(a) 4AB	14	(b) 3AB
(c) 2AB		(d) AB
(C) 2AD		(u) AD

13. If sin x, cos x and tan x are in GP, then $\cot^6 x - \cot^2 x$ will be equal to

(a) 2	(b)	-1
(c) 1	(d)	0

- 14. The greatest angle of the triangle whose sides are $x^{2} + x + 1, 2x + 1, x^{2} - 1$, is
 - (a) 150° (b) 90° (c) 135° (d) 120°
- **15.** The general value of θ satisfying the equation $2 \sin^2 \theta 3 \sin \theta 2 = 0$, is

(a) $n\pi + (-1)^n \frac{\pi}{6}$ (b) $n\pi + (-1)^n \frac{\pi}{2}$ (c) $n\pi + (-1)^n \frac{5\pi}{6}$ (d) $n\pi + (-1)^n \frac{7\pi}{6}$

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- **16.** If 2x + 3y 6 = 0 and 9x + 6y 18 = 0 cuts the axes in concylic points, then the centre of the circle is (a) (2, 3) (b) (3, 2) (c) (5, 5) (d) (5/2, 5/2) 17. The number of distinct solutions (x, y) of the system of equations $x^2 = y^2$ and $(x - a)^2 + y^2 = 1$, where 'a' is any real number, can only be (a) 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 (b) 0, 1 or 3 (c) 0, 1, 2 or 4 (d) 0, 2, 3 or 4 **18.** The vertex of parabola $y^2 - 8y - x + 19 = 0$ is (b) (4, 3) (a) (3, 4)
- (c) (1, 3)(d) (3, 1)**19.** The eccentricity of ellipse $9x^2 + 5y^2 - 30y = 0$ is (b) 2/3 (a) 1/3 (d) 1/4 (c) 3/4
- **20.** If the function $f:[1,\infty) \to [1,\infty)$ is defined by $f(x) = 2^{x(x-1)}$, then $f^{-1}(x)$ is

(a)
$$(1/2)^{x(x-1)}$$
 (b) $\frac{1}{2} \{1 + \sqrt{1 + 4 \log_2 x}\}$
(c) $\frac{1}{2} \{1 - \sqrt{1 + 4 \log_2 x}\}$ (d) not defined

- 21. A polygon has 44 diagonals, the number of its sides is (a) 9 (b) 10 (c) 11 (d) 12
- 22. Let X be the universal set for sets A and B. If n(A) = 200, n(B) = 300 and $n(A \cap B) = 100$, then $n(A' \cap B')$ is equal to 300 provided n(X) is equal to (a) 600 (b) 700 (c) 800 (d) 900
- 23. In a college of 300 students, every student reads 5 newspapers and every newspaper is read by 60 students. The number of newspaper is (a) atleast 30 (b) atmost 20 (c) exactly 25 (d) exactly 28
- 24. The number of ways of forming different nine digit numbers from the number 223355888 by rearranging its digit, so that the odd digits occupy even positions is (a) 16 (b) 36 (c) 60 (d) 180
- 25. An anti-aircraft gun can take a maximum of four slots at an enemy plane moving away from it. The probabilities of hitting the plane at the first, second, third and fourth slots are 0.4, 0.3, 0.2 and 0.1 respectively. The probability that the gun hits the plane, then is (a) 0.5 (b) 0.7235

(c) 0.6976 (d) 1.0

(c) 0

26. The least integral value of kfor which $(k-2) x^2 + 8x + k + 4 > 0$ for all $x \in R$, is (a) 5 (b) 4 (c) 3 (d) 6

27. If for
$$n \in N$$
, $\sum_{k=0}^{2n} (-1)^k \left[\binom{2n}{k} \right]^2 = A$, then the value of $\sum_{k=0}^{2n} (-1)^k (k-2n) \left[\binom{2n}{k} \right]^2$ is

(d) A

28. Solution set of the inequality

$$\log_3 (x+2)(x+4) + \log_{1/3} (x+2) < \frac{1}{2} \log_{\sqrt{3}} 7$$
 is

(a) (-2, -1) (c) (-1, 3)

29. If three positive real numbers a, b, c (c > a) are in HP, then $\log(a+c) + \log(a-2b+c)$ is

(b) (-2, 3)(d) (3,∞)

(a) $2 \log (c - b)$ (b) $2 \log (a + c)$ (c) $2 \log (c - a)$ (d) $\log a + \log b + \log c$

- **30.** The area enclosed within the lines |x| + |y| = 1 is (a) 1 (b) 2 (c) 3 (d) 4
- 31. If the mean of the squares of first n natural numbers be 11, then *n* is equal to

(b) 11

(d) 4

(a) -<u>13</u> 2

- (c) 5 32. The probability of a razor blade to be defective is 0.002. The blades are in packet of 10. The number of packets containing no defective blades in a stock of 10000. packets is
 - (b) 9802 (a) 2000 (d) 8000 (c) 9950
- 33. Two variables have least square regression lines 3x + 2y = 26 and 6x + y = 31, then correlation between x and y is
- (a) 0.5 (b) 0.7 (c) - 0.7 (d) -05 34. A car completes the first half of its journey with a velocity v_1 and the rest half with a velocity v_2 . Then,
 - the average velocity of the car for the whole journey is (a) $\frac{v_1 + v_2}{v_1 + v_2}$ (b) $\sqrt{v_1 v_2}$

(c) $\frac{2v_1v_2}{1}$	(d) None of these
$v_1 + v_2$	

35. The mean of first *n* natural numbers is equal to $\frac{n+7}{2}$,

then n' is equal to (b) 10 (a) 9(c) 11 (d) 12

$$\int_{a}^{1/2} \frac{dx}{dx}$$
 will be equal to

36.
$$\int_{0}^{1/2} \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x-x^2}} w$$
(a) $\pi/2$

(b) π (c) $\pi/3$ (d) $\pi / 4$ **37.** If the area bounded by $y = x^2$ and y = x is A sq units, then the area bounded by $y = x^2$ and y = 1 is (a) (2A + 1) sq units (b) 2A sq units (c) (2A + 2) sq units (d) (A + 2) sq units

- 38. If a, b and c are unit coplanar vectors, then the scalar triple product $[2 \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{b}, 2 \mathbf{b} - \mathbf{c}, 2 \mathbf{c} - \mathbf{a}]$ will be equal to (c) - √3 (d) √3 (a) 0 (b) 1
- **39.** Let $\mathbf{a} = x \mathbf{i} 3 \mathbf{j} \mathbf{k}$ and $\mathbf{b} = 2x \mathbf{i} + x \mathbf{j} \mathbf{k}$. Suppose that the angle between a and b is acute and the angle between **b** and the positive direction of the y-axis lies between $\frac{\pi}{2}$ and π . Then, the set of all possible values of x is

(a) {1, 2} (b) $\{-2, -3\}$ (c) $\{x : x < 0\}$ (d) $\{x: x > 0\}$

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40. Let $\mathbf{v} = 2\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} - \mathbf{k}$ and $\mathbf{w} = \mathbf{i} + 3\mathbf{k}$. If \mathbf{u} is a unit vector, then the maximum value of the scalar triple product **[u v w]** is

(a) -1	
(c) $\sqrt{59}$	

- (b) $-\sqrt{10} \sqrt{6}$ (d) $\sqrt{10} + \sqrt{6}$
- **41.** The minimum value of px + qy, when $xy = r^2$ is

(a) 2 <i>r √pq</i>	(b) 2 <i>pq√r</i>
(c) $-2 r \sqrt{pq}$	(d) √ <i>pqr</i>

42. If 'a' is a positive integer, then the number of values satisfying

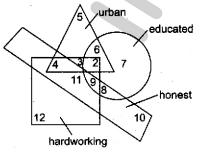
$$\int_{0}^{\pi/2} \left\{ a^{2} \left(\frac{\cos 3x}{4} + \frac{3}{4} \cos x \right) + a \sin x - 20 \cos x \right\} dx \le \frac{-a^{2}}{3} \text{ is }$$

Analytical Ability & Logical Reasoning

Directions (Q. Nos. 46-48) Read the information given below and answer the questions that follow. Four persons A, B, C and D play a cards game. They put ₹ 500 as stake money. When the game is over 'C' receives ₹ 19 more that 'D' and 'B' receives ₹ 21 less than 'A' whose amount was ₹ 2 less than the quarter of ₹ 500.

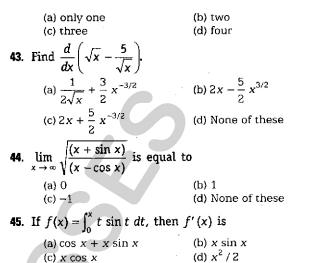
- 46. How much money did 'C' get? (a) ₹147 (b)₹136 (d)₹159 (c)**₹144**
- 47. How much money did 'B' get? (a) ₹102 (b) ₹ 107 (c)**₹**108 (d) ₹110
- 48. Who get the highest amount? (d) D (a) A (b) B (c) C

Directions (Q. Nos. 49-51) In the following diagram circle stands for 'educated', square for 'hardworking', triangle for 'urban people', and rectangle for 'honest'. Different regions in the diagram are numbered from 2 to 12. Study the diagram carefully and answer.



- Educated, hardworking and urban people are indicated by (a) 7 (b) 2 (c) 3 (d) 4
- 50. Non-urban educated people who are neither hardworking nor honest are indicated by (a

(a) 5	1.	(b) 7
(c) 10		(d) 12



- 51. Honest, educated and hardworking non-urban people are indicated by
 - (a) 3 (b) 4 (c) 6(d) 9
- 52. Mr X left his entire estate to his wife, his daughter, his son and the cook, his daughter and son got half the estate, sharing in the ratio of 4 to 3. His wife got twice as much as the son. If the cook received a bequest of ₹ 500, then the entire estate was

(a) ₹3500	(b) ₹ 5500
(c) ₹6500	(d) ₹ 7000

53. At a dance party a group of girls and boys exchange dances as follows.

One boy dances with 5 girls, second boy dances with 6 girls, and so on last boy dances with all girls. If b represents the number of boys and g represents the number of girls, then

(a) $b = g$	(b) $b = g / 5$
(c) $b = g - 4$	(d) $b = g - 5$

54. The average age of husband and wife was 22 yr when they were married five years back. What is the present average age of the family, if they have a three year old child?

(a) 19 yr		(b) 25 yr
(c) 27 yr	•	(d) $28\frac{1}{2}$ yr

- 55. Which of the following will be acceptable for establishing a fact?
 - (a) Opinion of large number of people
 - (b) Traditionally in practice over a long period of time
 - (c) Availability of observable evidences
 - (d) References in the ancient literature

Directions (Q. Nos. 56-59) Six scientists A, B, C, D, E and F are to present at paper each at a one-day conference. Three of them will present their papers in the morning session before the lunch break whereas the other three will be presented in the afternoon session. The lectures have to be scheduled in such a way that they comply with the following restrictions.

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B should present his paper immediately before C's presentation; their presentations cannot be separated by the lunch break. D must be either the first or the last scientist to present his paper.

56. In case C is to be the fifth scientist to present his paper, then B must be

(a) first	(b) second
(c) third	(d) fourth

57. B could be placed for any of the following places in the order of presenters EXCEPT
(a) second(b) third

(a) beening	(~~ <i>)</i>	
(c) fourth	(d)	fifth

- 58. In case F is to present his paper immediately after D presents his paper, C's could be scheduled for which of the following places in the order of presenters?

 (a) Second
 (b) Third
 (c) Fourth
 (d) Fifth
- 59. In case F and E are the fifth and sixth presenters respectively, then which of the following must be true?
 (a) A is first in the order of presenters
 (b) A is third in the order of presenters
 - (c) A is fourth in the order of presenters(d) B is first in the order of presenters

Directions (Q. Nos. 60-63) Study the following information to answer the given questions.

(i) In a family of 6 persons, there are two couples.

- (ii) The lawyer is the head of the family and has only two sons-Mukesh and Rakesh both teachers.
- (iii) Mrs Reena and her mother-in-law both are lawyers.
- (iv) Mukesh's wife is a doctor and they have a son, Ajay.

60.	What is the	profession	of	Rakesh's	wife?
	(a) Teache	r		(b) Do	ctor
	(c) Lawyer			(d) No	ne of these

- 61. How many male members are there in the family? (a) Two (b) Three (c) Four (d) None of these
- 62. What is/was Ajay's grandfather's occupation? (a) Teacher (c) Doctor (d) Cannot be determined
- 63. What is the profession of Ajay? (a) Teacher (b) Lawyer (c) Doctor (d) Cannot be determined

Directions (Q. Nos. 64-66) *Mrs Thomas received a large order for stitching school uniforms from May flower school and Little flower school. She has two cutters who will cut the fabric, five tailors who will do the stitching and two assistants to stitch the buttons and button holes. Each of these nine persons will work for exactly 10 h a day. Each of the May flower uniforms requires 20 min for cutting the fabric, one hour for stitching, and 15 min for stitching buttons and button holes, whereas the Little flower uniform requires 30 min, 1 h and 30 min respectively for these activities.*

64. What is the number of Little flower uniforms that Mrs Thomas can complete in a day?

(a) 50
(b) 20
(c) 40
(d) 30

- 65. On a particular day, Mrs Thomas decided to complete 20 Little flower uniforms. How many May flower uniforms can she complete on that day?
 (a) 30 (b) 40
- (c) 20 (d) 0 66. If she hires one more assistant, what is the maximum
- number of May flower uniforms that she can complete in a day?
 - (a) 40 (c) 60 (d) 30
- 67. In a certain code, RIPPLE is written as 613382 and LIFE is written as 8192. How is PILLER written in that code? (a) 318826 (b) 318286 (c) 618826 (d) 328816
- **68.** A doctor said to his compounder "I go to see the patients at their residence after every 3:30 h. I have already gone to the patient 1:20 h ago and next time I shall go at 1:40 pm". At what time this information was given to the compounder by the doctor?
 - (a) 10:10 am (b) 11:30 am (c) 11:20 am (d) None of these

Direction (Q. No. 69) In the following question, three statements are followed by a conclusion. Study the statements and the conclusion and point out which statement studied together will bring to the conclusion.

69. Statements

- (i) Price rise is natural phenomenon.
- (ii) If production increases prices fall.
- (iii) High prices affect the poor.
- **Conclusion** If production rises the poor feel relieved. Answer choices

(a) Only (i) and (ii)	(b) Only (i) and (iii)
(c) Only (ii) and (iii)	(d) Data insufficient

- 70. In how many different ways can the letters of the word "DETAIL" be arranged in such a way that the vowels occupy only the odd positions?
 - (a) 32 (b) 36 (c) 48 (d) 60
- 71. If from 4 to 55 the numbers which are divisible by 3 and the numbers which contain 3 as one of the digits, are removed, then how many numbers will be left?

 (a) 24
 (b) 23
 (c) 22
 (d) 25
- 72. In the following number-series, one term is wrong. Which term is wrong?

5,	12,	19,	33,	47,	75,	104	
	(-) D	-					

(c) 21

(a) 33	(b) 47
(c) 75	(d) 104

73. The positions of A in a class is 5th from the top and position of B is 7th from the bottom. If C is at 6th place after A and 6th place before B, how many students are there in the class?
(a) 25
(b) 23

(u)	20
(d)	22

74. Suppose $X = 2^{100}$, $Y = 3^{100}$ and $Z = 4^{100}$. Exactly one of the following is true. Which is it? (a) X + Y = Z (b) X + Y < Z

$(a) \Lambda + I = Z$	(D) X + Y < Z
(c) $X + Y > Z$	(d) $XY = Z$



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A. All freshmen are human.
B. All students are human.
C. Some students think.
Given the following four statements.

All freshmen are students.
Some humans think.
III. No freshmen think.
IV. Some humans who think are not students.

Those Which are logical consequences of I, II and III are

(a) II
(b) IV

75. Assume that the following three statements are true.

- (c) II, III (d) I, II
- **76.** Five persons A, B, C, D and E were travelling in a car. There were two ladies in the group. Two new car driving, of them one was a lady. A is brother of D. B wife of D drove at the beginning. E drove at the end. Who was the other lady in the group?

(a) D (b) B (c) C (d) E

77. Choose which pair of numbers carries next in the following sequence.

61, 57, 50, 61, 43, 36, 61

(a) 29, 61 (b) 27, 20 (c) 31, 61 (d) 29, 22

(b) \times and +

(d) \times and -

2 yr

78. Correct the following equation by inter-changing two signs.

 $3 - 9 \times 27 + 9 \div 3 = 3$ (a) + and -(c) × and ÷

79. Pushpa is twice as old as Rita was two years age. If the difference between their ages be 2 yr, how old is Pushpa today?
(a) 6 yr
(b) 8 yr

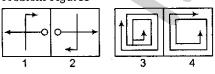
(a) 6 yr		(b) 8
(c) 10 yr	2	(d) 1

80. A clock is set right at 8 am. The clock gains 10 min in 24 h. What will be the right time when the clock indicates 1 pm on the following day?

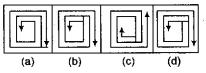
(a) 11:40 pm	(b) 12:48 pm
(c) 12 noon	(d) 10 pm

81. Choose the best answer figure to substitute element 4 in the problem figures so that element 3 is related to element 4 in the same way as element 1 is related to element 2.

Problem Figures



Answer Figures



Direction (Q. No. 82) In the following question, below are given two statements followed by four conclusions numbered I, II, III, IV. You have to take the two given statements to be true, even if they seem to be at variance from commonly known facts. Read all the conclusions and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows from the two given statements, disregarding commonly known facts.

82. Statements

- A. Some green are blue.
 - B. No blue in white.

Conclusions

- I. Some blue are green.
- II. Some white are green.
- III. Some green are not white.
- **IV. All white are green.** (a) Only I follows
- (b) Only II and III follow
- (c) Only I and III follow
- (d) Only I and II follow

Directions (Q. Nos. 83-85) In each of the 3 questions below, are given four statements followed by four conclusions numbered I, II, III, IV. You have to take the given statements to be true even, if they seem to be at variance from commonly known facts. Read all the conclusions and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows from the given statements disregarding commonly known facts.

83. Statements Some doctors are lawyers. All teachers are lawyers. Some engineers are lawyers. All engineers are businessman.

Conclusions

- I. Some teachers are doctors.
- II. Some businessmen are lawyers.
- III. Some businessmen are teachers.
- IV. Some lawyers are teachers.
- (a) None follows
- (b) Only II follows
- (c) Only III follows
- (d) Only II and IV follow
- 84. Statements All plastics are glasses. Some sponges are glasses. All sponges are clothes. All clothes are liquids.

Conclusions

- I. All liquids are sponges.
- II. Some plastics are clothes.
- III. All glasses are plastics.
- IV. All liquids are clothes.
- (a) None follows
- (b) Only either II or IV follows
- (c) Only III and IV follow
- (d) Only I and IV follow
- **85. Statements** All sands are beaches. All shores are beaches. Some beaches are trees. All trees are hotels.

Conclusions

- I. Some shores are hotels.
- II. All beaches are shores.
- III. Some beaches are hotels.
- IV. Some sands are trees.
- (a) Only III follows
- (b) Only H follows
- (c) Only IV follows
- (d) None of the above

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(a) y

(c) 0

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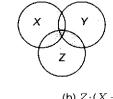
(c) 1 or 0

Computer Awareness

86.	The ASCII code of A is	5
	(a) 66D	(b) 41H
	(c) 01000010	(d) 01100011

- 87. An eight bit byte is capable of representing how many different characters?
 - (d) 512 (a) 64 (b) 128 (c) 256
- 88. The least significant bit of the binary number, which is equivalent to any odd decimal number is (a) O (b) 1
 - (d) All of these
- 89. Which of the following Boolean expression represents the shaded portion of the Venn diagram?

Here, "." represents an AND operation and "+" denotes an OR operation.



- (a) $Z' + (X \cdot Y)$ (b) $Z \cdot (X + Y)$ (c) $(Z \cdot X') + Y$ (d) Z'(X + Y)
- **90.** Consider x and y be some Boolean variables, '+' denotes the OR operation and "." denotes the AND operation.

What will be the simplified from of the Boolean expression $x \cdot (x + y)$?

(b) 1 (d) x

- 91. Which one of the following is not a valid rule of Boolean algebra? (b) A = A'
 - (a) A + 1 = 1
 - (c) AA = A(d) A + 0 = A
- 92. When two binary numbers are added, then an overflow will never occur, if
 - (a) both numbers of same sign
 - (b) the carry into the sign bit position and out of sign bit position are not equal
 - (c) the carry into the sign bit position and out of sign bit position are equal
 - (d) the carry into the sign bit position is 1

93. The sum of 11010 + 01111 equals to (b) 101010 (a) 101001 (d) 101000 (c) 110101

- 94. Which protocol needs to be installed for Internet access on a network?
 - (a) TCP/JP (b) TELNET (c) IPX/SPX
 - (d) Net BEUI
- 95. A petabyte represents approximately (a) 1000 gigabytes (c) 1000 terabytes
 - (b) 1000 kilobytes
 - (d) 1000 yottabytes

General English

six months. 96. I have been working here (a) since (h) hv(c) for (d) in 97. Defile

(a) Pollute (c) Delay

(b) Disapprove (d) Reveal

Directions (Q. Nos. 98 -101) Each question consists of a word printed in capital letters, followed by four words or phrases. Choose the word or phrase that is most similar in meaning to the word in capital letters.

98. POLEMIC

- (a) black
- (b) magnetic
- (c) grimace
- (d) controversial
- 99. The synonym for work FOOLHARDY is

(a) Erudite	(b) Unwise
(c) Rusty	(d) Roll

- 100. DEEP
 - (b) distracted (a) low (c) flat (d) awake
- 101. Give the antonym for CRYPTIC.
 - (a) Futile (b) Candid (d) Indifferent (c) Famous

Directions (Q. Nos. 102-111) Answer the following four questions based on the given paragraph.

A recent experimental study showed for the first time that pulmonary exposure to the Particulate Matter (PM) within diesel exhaust enhances atherogenesis. The human blood vessel endothelium is a sensitive target for air pollutants. The interactions of the inflammation and coagulation systems are of the main mechanisms involved in impairment of endothelial function and eventually cardiovascular diseases. The effect of air pollution on inflammation, oxidative stress and cardiovascular risk factors has been demonstrated not only in older adults, but also in young adults as well as in children and adolescents. The inflammation process stimulates the coagulation system and result in increased secretion of Tissue Factor (TF). Endothelial function has key roles in anticoagulant and fibrinolytic systems. In vitro studies have demonstrated significant decrease in endogenous anticoagulation activity, Thrombo Modulin (TM), endothelial protein C receptor antigen and culture of endothelial cells during the inflammation process. A growing body of evidence suggests that the effects of air pollution on the inflammation and the coagulation systems may have a role in endothelial dysfunction and in turn in the progression of cardiovascular diseases. Findings of experimental studies suggest that exposure to

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air pollution may result in increase in TF and decrease in TM. Atherogenesis starts from the fatal life through interrelations or traditional risk factors with inflammatory, immune and endothelial biomarkers. Air pollution has various harmful effects on this process from early life. Studying the effects of environmental factors on early stages of atherosclerosis in early life can help identify the underlying mechanisms.

102. Choose the option for the human system mechanisms whose interactions eventually result into cardiovascular diseases due to air pollution?

(a) Inflammation	(b) Coagulation
(c) Antigen	(d) Both (a) and (b)

- **103.** Which is the central syndrome talked about in the paragraph?
 - (a) Inflammation
 - (b) Atherogenesis
 - (c) Secretions of tissue factors
 - (d) Thrombo Modulin
- **104.** Which of the following is true?
 - (i) Exposure to air pollution may result in increase in TF and decrease in TM.
 - (ii) Effect of air pollution is severe on humans and occurs after adolescence.
 - (iii) Endothelial cells are sensitive target for air pollutants.
 - (a) All are true (b) Only (i) and (ii) are true
 - (c) Only (i) and (iii) are true (d) Only (ii) and (iii) are true
- 105. The primary cause of cardiovascular disease due to factors discussed in paragraph is (a) lack of immunity (b) anticoagulation
 - (c) thrombo modulin (d) endothelial Dysfunction
- 106. RETROGRADE (a) progressing

(c) evaluating

(b) declining (d) directing

- 107. The geople
 you socialise are called friends.

 (a) with whom
 (b) who

 (c) with who
 (d) whom
- 108. Every one of them _____ to the music every day.

 (a) listen
 (b) listening

 (c) listens
 (d) None of these
- 109. I didn't work hard when I was _____ school. (a) in (b) on (c) at (d) by

110. Where are you ____ ? (a) from (b) by (c) of (d) to

111. Which of these is an adjective in "It is ____" (a) hard (b) hardly (c) hardship (d) harden

Directions (Q. Nos. 112-116) For each numbered blank space in the paragraph given below, choose the correct response.

Paragraph

Books are <u>112</u> the most <u>113</u> product of human effort. Temples <u>114</u> to ruin, pictures and statues <u>115</u>; but books <u>116</u>.

(b) fall

(d) crumble

(b) decay

(d) disappear

(b) survive

(d) are born

- 112. Answer choices

 (a) decidedly
 (b) definitely
 (c) by far
 (d) certainly

 113. Answer choices

 (a) lasting
 (b) everlasting
 (c) temporary
 (d) permanent
- 114. Answer choices

 (a) break down
 (c) broken

 115. Answer choices
- (a) die (c) fade 116. Answer choices
- (a) live (c) last 117. Profound
- (a) Shallow (b) Sonorous (c) Superficial (d) Lofty
- 118. Give the analogy for Elsusive : Capture :: (a) Elastic : Stretch (b) Headstrong : Control (c) Sensible : Decide (d) Persuasive : Convince-
- **119.** The meaning of work EGRESS is(a) entrance(b) exit(c) double(d) program
- 120. Choose the wrongly spelt word.

 (a) Deficient
 (b) Efficient

 (c) Magnificient
 (d) Reticent

Answers with Solutions

1. (b) $\therefore \sin 30^{\circ} \cos 45^{\circ} + \cos 30^{\circ} \sin 45^{\circ}$ $= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ $= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ $= \frac{1 + \sqrt{3}}{2\sqrt{2}}$ **2.** (a) Since, $\angle A + \angle B + \angle C = 180^{\circ}$ $\therefore \qquad \angle A = 180^{\circ} - 45^{\circ} - 105^{\circ} = 30^{\circ}$ Using sine rule, $\frac{\sin A}{a} = \frac{\sin B}{b} = \frac{\sin C}{c}$ $\Rightarrow \qquad \frac{\sin 30^{\circ}}{a} = \frac{\sin 45^{\circ}}{b} = \frac{\sin 105^{\circ}}{\sqrt{2}}$ **3.** (b) Given, $\tan \theta = \frac{b}{a}$ $\therefore \qquad a \cos 2\theta + b \sin 2\theta$ $= a \left(\frac{1 - \tan^{2} \theta}{1 + \tan^{2} \theta}\right) + b \left(\frac{2 \tan \theta}{1 + \tan^{2} \theta}\right)$

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DG

$$= a \left(\frac{1 - t^2}{1 + b^2} + b + b + \frac{2 + b^2}{4 + b^2} \right)$$

$$= a \left(\frac{3 - t^2}{4 + b^2} + b + b + \frac{2 + b^2}{4 + b^2} \right)$$

$$= a \left(\frac{3 - t^2}{4 + b^2} + b + b + \frac{2 + b^2}{4 + b^2} \right)$$

$$= a \left(\frac{3 - t^2}{4 + b^2} + b + b + \frac{2 + b^2}{4 + b^2} \right)$$

$$= a \left(\frac{3 - t^2}{4 + b^2} + b + \frac{2 + b^2}{4 + b^2} \right)$$
Hence, it has infine number of solutions. Alternate method
$$A \text{ dymentod matrix}(A, B) = \begin{bmatrix} 3 - t + 2 \\ 2 + 1 \end{bmatrix} \left[\frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \right]$$
Hence, it has infine number of solutions. Alternate method
$$A \text{ dymentod matrix}(A, B) = \begin{bmatrix} 3 - t + 2 \\ 2 + 1 \end{bmatrix} \left[\frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \right]$$

$$= 2 + 2 + \sqrt{3} \cos x + \sin x = 3$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \cos x + \frac{1}{2} \sin x = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$\sin x^2 + \cos x - \cos x^2 + \frac{1}{3} \sin x = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$\sin x^2 + \cos x - \cos x^2 + \frac{1}{3} \sin x = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$\sin x^2 + \cos x - \cos x^2 + \frac{1}{3} \sin x = \frac{3}{2}$$

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$$\sin x^2 + \cos x - \cos x^2 + \frac{1}{3} \sin x = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \cos x^2 + \frac{1}{3} \sin x = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \cos x^2 + \frac{1}{3} \sin x = \frac{3}{2}$$

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$$\frac{1}{2} \sin x^2 + \frac{1}{3} \sin x = \frac{1}{3}$$

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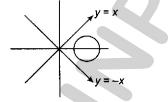
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14. (d) It is clear that, the greatest side is $x^2 + x + 1$ By cosine law $\therefore \quad \cos \theta = \frac{(2x+1)^2 + (x^2-1)^2 - (x^2+x+1)^2}{(x^2-1)^2 - (x^2+x+1)^2}$ $2(2x + 1)(x^2 - 1)$ $[(4x^{2} + 1 + 4x) + (x^{4} + 1 - 2x^{2})]$ $\frac{-(x^{4} + x^{2} + 1 + 2x^{3} + 2x + 2x^{2})]}{2(2x^{3} - 2x + x^{2} - 1)}$ $=\frac{-2x^3-x^2+2x+1}{2(2x^3-2x+x^2-1)}=-\frac{1}{2}$ $\theta = 120^{\circ}$ 15. (d) Given, $2\sin^2\theta - 3\sin\theta - 2 = 0$ $2\sin^2\theta - 4\sin\theta + \sin\theta - 2 = 0$ ⇒ $\Rightarrow 2 \sin \theta (\sin \theta - 2) + 1 (\sin \theta - 2) = 0$ $(\sin \theta - 2)(2\sin \theta + 1) = 0$ $\sin \theta = -\frac{1}{2}, \sin \theta \neq 2$ $(: -1 \le \sin \theta \le 1)$ ⇒ $\theta = n\pi + (-1)^n \left(\frac{7\pi}{6}\right)$ ⇒

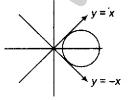
16. (d) Given equation can be rewritten as $\frac{x}{3} + \frac{y}{2} = 1$ and

 $\frac{x}{2} + \frac{y}{3} = 1.$ $\therefore \text{ Lines intercept the coordinate axes are } A(3,0), B(0,2), C(2,0) \text{ and } D(0,3)$ Let equation of circle be $x^2 + y^2 + 2gx + 2fy + c = 0$ Since, all points are concyclic. $\therefore \quad 9 + 6g + c = 0, 4 + 4f + c = 0$ 4 + 4g + c = 0, 9 + 6f + c = 0On solving, we get $g = -\frac{5}{2}, f = -\frac{5}{2}$ $\therefore \text{ Centre of circle}$ $(-g, -f) = \left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{5}{2}\right)$

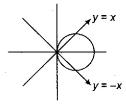
17. (d) Case I. Number of distinct solutions is zero.



Case II. Number of distinct solutions is two.



Case III. Number of distinct solutions is three.



Case IV. Number of distinct solutions is four. y = xHence, option (d) is correct. **18.** (a) Given equation is, $y^2 - 8y - x + 19 = 0$ $(y-4)^2 = x - 19 + 16$ \Rightarrow $(y-4)^2 = x-3$ ⇒ Hence, the vertex is (3, 4). $9x^2 + 5y^2 - 30y = 0$ 19. (b) Given, $9x^2 + 5(y^2 - 6y) = 0$ $9x^2 + 5(y-3)^2 = 45$ $\frac{x^2}{5} + \frac{(y-3)^2}{9} = 1$ $a^2 = 5, b^2 = 9$ and b > aHere. $e = \sqrt{1 - \frac{a^2}{b^2}} = \sqrt{1 - \frac{5}{9}} = \frac{2}{3}$ • **20.** (c) Let $y = f(x) = 2^{x(x-1)}$ On taking log, we get $\log_2 y = x (x - 1) \log_2 2$ $x^2 - x - \log_2 y = 0$ $x^{2} - x - \log_{2} y = 0$ $x = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{1 + 4 \log_{2} y}}{2}$ $x = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{1 + 4 \log_{2} y}}{2}$ $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{1 + \sqrt{1 + 4 \log_{2} x}}{2}$ ⇒ ÷ Since, for $y \in [1, \infty)$, $4 \log_2 y \ge 0$ $\Rightarrow \sqrt{1+4\log_2 y} \ge 1$ $\therefore \qquad x = \frac{1 - \sqrt{1 + 4 \log_2 y}}{2} \le 0 \notin [1, \infty).$ **21.** (c) Let a polygon has *n* sides. ${}^{n}C_{2}-n=44$ $\frac{n(n-1)}{2} - n = 44$ -> n(n-3) = 88⇒ \Rightarrow $n(n-3) = 11(11-3) \Rightarrow n = 11$ **22.** (b) Now, $n(A \cup B) = n(A) + n(B) - n(A \cap B)$ = 200 + 300 - 100 = 400Also, $n(A' \cap B') = 300$ $\Rightarrow \qquad n(A \cup B)' = 300$ $\Rightarrow n(X) - n(A \cup B) = 300$ n(X) = 300 + 400 = 700÷ 23. (c) Let the number of newspapers be n. $300 \times 5 = 60 \times n$ *.*... n = 25 newspaper (exactly) ⇒ 24. (c) Given number is 223355888. Here, digits are (2, 2, 3, 3, 5, 5, 8, 8, 8). Here, odd digits are (3, 3, 5, 5) and even digits are (2, 2, 8, 8, 8). In a nine digit number, there are four even position in which four odd number (3, 3, 5, 5) can be arranged in

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 $\frac{4!}{2! \times 2!}$ = 6 and rest of five odd position, five even number (2, 2, 8, 8, 8) can be arranged in $\frac{5!}{2! \times 3!} = 10$ \therefore Total number of ways = $6 \times 10 = 60$ **25.** (c) Given, P(I) = 0.4, P(II) = 0.3, P(III) = 0.2, P(IV) = 0.1 $P(\overline{I}) = 0.6, P(\overline{II}) = 0.7, P(\overline{III}) = 0.8$ \Rightarrow $P(\overline{IV}) = 0.9$ and ... Required probability $= P(\overline{I}) + P(\overline{I}) P(\overline{II}) + P(\overline{I}) P(\overline{II}) P(\overline{III})$ $+ P(\overline{I}) P(\overline{II}) P(\overline{III}) P(IV)$ = 0.4 + (0.6)(0.3) + (0.6)(0.7)(0.2) + (0.6)(0.7)(0.8)(0.1)= 0.4 + 0.18 + 0.084 + 0.0336 = 0.6976 **26.** (a) Given, $(k-2)x^2 + 8x + k + 4 > 0$ (k - 2) > 0 and D < 0k > 2 and D < 0...(i) 64 - 4(k - 2)(k + 4) < 016 - (k² + 2k - 8) < 0 Now. ⇒ $k^2 + 2k - 8 > 16$ ⇒ $k^2 + 2k - 24 > 0$ ⇒ (k + 6)(k - 4) > 0+) - (+ -6 4 ...(ii) k < -6 or k > 4 \therefore From Eqs. (i) and (ii), we get $k \ge 4$ \therefore Hence, least integral value of k is 5. **27.** (b) We know, $(1 + x)^{2n} = C_0 + C_1 x + \dots + C_{2n} x^{2n}$ = $C_0 x^{2n} + C_1 x^{2n-1} + \dots + C_{2n}$...(i) and $(1 - x)^{2n} = C_0 - C_1 x + \ldots + C_{2n} x^{2n}$...(ii) On multiplying Eqs. (i) and (ii), we get $(1 - x^2)^{2n} = (C_0 x^{2n} + C_1 x^{2n-1} + ... + C_{2n})$ $\times (C_0 - C_1 x + ; .. + C_{2n} x^{2n})$ On equating coefficient of x^{2n} on both sides, we get $(-1)^n C_n = C_0^2 - C_1^2 + C_2^2 - \dots + C_{2n}^2$ $= \sum_{k=0}^{2n} (-1)^k {\binom{2n}{k}}^2 = A$ (given) :..(i) Similarly, we can find $C_1^2 - 2C_2^2 + 3C_3^2 - \dots - 2nC_{2n}^2$ $=\sum_{k=0}^{2n} (-1)^{k} k \binom{2n}{k}^{2} = (-1)^{n} \cdot n \cdot C_{n}$ $\therefore \qquad \sum_{k=0}^{2n} (-1)^k k {\binom{2n}{k}}^2 - 2n \sum_{k=0}^{2n} (-1)^k {\binom{2n}{k}}^2$ $= (-1)^{n} \cdot n \cdot C_{n} - 2n(-1)^{n} \cdot C_{n}$ $= -(-1)^n \ n \cdot C_n = -nA$ [from Eq. (i)] **28.** (b) Given, $\log_3 (x+2)(x+4) + \log_{1/3} (x+2) < \frac{1}{2} \log_{\sqrt{3}} 7$ $\Rightarrow \log_3 (x + 2)(x + 4) - \log_3 (x + 2) - \log_3 7 < 0$ $\Rightarrow \quad \log_3 \frac{(x + 2)(x + 4)}{(x + 2) 7} < 0 \ x \mid | \neq -2$ $\log_3 \frac{\frac{(x+4)}{7}}{\frac{x+4}{7}} < 0, \ x \neq -2$ $\frac{x+4}{7} < 1, \ x \neq -2$ ⇒ ⇒

 $x < 3, x \neq -2$ -2 < x < 3

[:: $x < -2 \log (x + 2)$ is not defined]

29. (c) Since, $b = \frac{2ac}{a+c}$ $\therefore \log (a + c) + \log (a + c - 2b)$ $= \log [(a + c)^{2} - (a + c) 2b]$ $= \log [(a + c)^{2} - 4ac] = \log (c - a)^{2} = 2 \log (c - a)$ **30.** (b) Given, |x| + |y| = 1(0.-1)

(given)

 $\pm x \pm y = 1$ Here, ABCD is square whose side $BC = \sqrt{1^2 + 1^2} = \sqrt{2}$ Area of square = $(\sqrt{2})^2 = 2$

$$\frac{1^{2} + 2^{2} + ... + n^{2}}{n} = 11$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6n} = 11$$

$$\Rightarrow 2n^{2} + 3n - 65 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow n = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{9 + 8 \times 65}}{4} = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{529}}{4}$$

(: n cannot be negative) n = 532. (b) Since, probability of defective razor blade is 0.002,

therefore, probability of non-defective razor blade is 0.998 ... Probability of non-defective razor blade in one packet $= {}^{10}C_{10}$ (0.998)¹⁰ = 0.980179

33. (d) Let line of regression y on x is

$$y = -\frac{3}{2}x + 13$$

and x on y is $x = -\frac{y}{6} + \frac{31}{6}$
 $\therefore \qquad b_{yx} = -\frac{3}{2}$ and $b_{xy} = -\frac{1}{6}$
 $\therefore \qquad r = -\sqrt{b_{yx} \cdot b_{xy}}$
 $= -\sqrt{\left(-\frac{3}{2}\right)\left(-\frac{1}{6}\right)} = -\sqrt{\frac{1}{4}}$
 $= -\frac{1}{2} = -0.5$

34. (c) Let d be the distance in first half and second half respectively of the journey. Time taken in first half and second half journey are $\frac{d}{v_{i}}$ and $\frac{d}{v_{i}}$ réspectively.

Average velocity =
$$\frac{\text{Total distance}}{\text{Total time}}$$

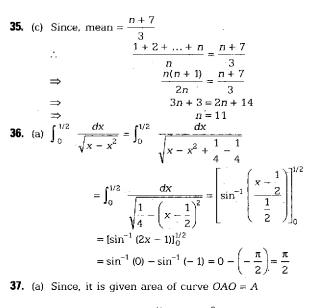
= $\frac{2d}{d} + \frac{d}{v_1} = \frac{2v_1v_2}{v_1 + v_2}$

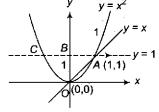
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Now, area of $\triangle OAB = \frac{1}{2} \times 1 \times 1 = \frac{1}{2}$

$$\therefore$$
 Area of curve $OABO = A + \frac{1}{2}$

 \therefore Total required area = area of curve *OABCO* = 2 (area of curve *OABO*)

$$= 2\left(A + \frac{1}{2}\right)$$
$$= (2A + 1) \text{ sq units}$$

38. (a) $\therefore (2a - b) \cdot [(2b - c) \times (2c - a)]$

$$= (2a - b) \cdot [(2b \times 2c) - (2b \times a) - 0 + (c \times a)]$$

= {8[a b c] - 0 + 0 - 0 + 0 - [b c a]}
= 7 {a b c] = 0 [; [a b c] = 0

39. (c) Since, the angle between the vectors **a** and **b** is acute and the angle between b and y-axis lies between $\frac{\pi}{2}$ and π , it

means they are obtuse.

$$\therefore \mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{b} > 0 \text{ and } \mathbf{b} \cdot \mathbf{j} < 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (x\mathbf{i} - 3\mathbf{j} - \mathbf{k}) \cdot (2x\mathbf{i} + x\mathbf{j} - \mathbf{k}) > 0$$
and
$$(2x\mathbf{i} + x\mathbf{j} - \mathbf{k}) \cdot \mathbf{j} < 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 2x^{2} - 3x - 1 > 0 \text{ and } x < 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (2x - 1)(x - 1) > 0 \text{ and } x < 0$$

$$\xrightarrow{\mathbf{+}} - \frac{\mathbf{+}}{\mathbf{+}\infty}$$

$$\Rightarrow (x < \frac{1}{2} \text{ or } x > 1) \text{ and } x < 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x < 0$$
40. (c) Given, $\mathbf{v} = 2\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} - \mathbf{k}$ and $\mathbf{w} = \mathbf{i} + 3\mathbf{k}$

$$\therefore [\mathbf{u} \cdot \mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{w}] = \mathbf{u} \cdot (\mathbf{v} \times \mathbf{w}) \le |\mathbf{u}| |\mathbf{v} \times \mathbf{w}|$$

$$(\because \mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{b} \le |\mathbf{a}| |\mathbf{b}|)$$

$$\Rightarrow [\mathbf{u} \cdot \mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{w}] \le |\mathbf{v} \times \mathbf{w}|$$

Now, $\mathbf{v} \times \mathbf{w} = \begin{vmatrix} \mathbf{i} & \mathbf{j} & \mathbf{k} \\ 2 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 & 3 \end{vmatrix} = 3\mathbf{i} - 7\mathbf{j} - \mathbf{k}$ $\Rightarrow \quad |\mathbf{v} \times \mathbf{w}| = \sqrt{3^2 + 7^2 + 1^2} = \sqrt{59}$ $\therefore \quad [\mathbf{u} \ \mathbf{v} \ \mathbf{w}] \le \sqrt{59}$ **41.** (a) Given, $xy = r^2$...(i) u = px + qy $u = px + q\left(\frac{r^2}{x}\right)$ [from Eq. (i)] $\frac{du}{dx} = p - \frac{qr^2}{a^2}$ For maxima and minima, put $\frac{du}{dx} = 0$ $p - \frac{qr^2}{x^2} = 0 \Rightarrow x = \pm r \sqrt{\frac{q}{p}}$ $\frac{d^2u}{dx^2} = \frac{2qr^2}{x^3}$ $x = r\frac{\sqrt{q}}{p}$ Now. At $\frac{d^2 u}{dx^2} > 0$, minima :. Minimum value is $u = p \times r \sqrt{\frac{q}{p}} + q \left| \frac{r^2}{r \sqrt{\frac{q}{p}}} \right|$ $= pr \sqrt{\frac{q}{p}} + qr \sqrt{\frac{p}{q}}$ $= r\sqrt{pq} + r \sqrt{pq} = 2r \sqrt{pq}$ $42. (d) \text{ Given, } \int_{0}^{\pi/2} \left\{ a^{2} \left(\frac{\cos 3x}{4} + \frac{3}{4} \cos x \right) \right\}$ $+ a \sin x - 20 \cos x \bigg\} dx \le -\frac{a^2}{3}$ $\Rightarrow \left[a^2 \left(\frac{\sin 3x}{12} + \frac{3}{4} \sin x \right) - a \cos x - 20 \sin x \right]_0^{\pi/2} \le -\frac{a^2}{3}$ $\Rightarrow \left[a^{2} \left(-\frac{1}{12} + \frac{3}{4} - 0 - 0 \right) - a \left(0 - 1 \right) - 20(1 - 0) \right] \leq -\frac{a^{2}}{3}$ $\frac{8a^2}{12} + a - 20 \le -\frac{a^2}{3}$ $a^2 + a - 20 \le 0$ + - + + - + $-5 \le a \le 4$ Since, *a* is a positive integer, hence four values of *a* (*i.e.*, 1, 2, 3, 4) exist. **43.** (d) $\frac{d}{dx} \left(\sqrt{x} - \frac{5}{\sqrt{x}} \right) = \frac{x^{-1/2}}{2} + \frac{1}{2} 5x^{-3/2} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} + \frac{5}{2} x^{-3/2}$

44. (b)
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \sqrt{\frac{x + \sin x}{x - \cos x}} = \lim_{x \to \infty} \sqrt{\frac{1 + \frac{\sin x}{x}}{1 - \frac{\cos x}{x}}} = \sqrt{\frac{1 + 0}{1 - 0}} = 1$$

45. (b) Given $f(x) = \int_{0}^{x} t \sin t \, dt$

45. (b) Given, $f(x) = \int_0^x t \sin t \, dt$ On differentiating w.r.t. x, we get $f'(x) = x \sin x$

(by Leibnitz theorem)

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Solutions (Q. Nos. 46-48)

A's amount = 500 × $\frac{1}{4}$ - 2 = ₹ 123 ∴ *B*'s amount = ₹123 - ₹21 = ₹102 (*A*'s + *B*'s) amount = ₹ 123 + ₹ 102 = ₹ 225 Remaining amount = ₹ 500 - ₹ 225 = ₹ 275 D's amount = ₹128 *.* . C's amount = ₹128 + ₹19 = ₹147 *.*... **46.** (a) C's amount = ₹ 147 **47.** (a) *B*'s amount = ₹ 102 48. (c) C get the highest amount ₹ 147. 49. (b) Number 2 represents the educated, hardworking and urban people. 50. (b) Number 7 represents non-urban educated people who are neither hardworking nor honest. 51. (d) Number 9 represents honest, educated and hardworking non-urban people. **52.** (d) Let the entire estate was \mathbf{x} . (Daughter + Son)'s estate = $\overline{\mathbf{x}} = \frac{\mathbf{x}}{2}$ \therefore Daughter and son sharing ratio is 4 : 3. :. Daughter's estate = $\overline{\mathbf{x}} = \overline{\mathbf{x}} \times \frac{4}{7} = \overline{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{4x}{14}$ Son's estate = $\overline{\mathbf{x}} \times \frac{3}{2} \times \frac{3}{7} = \overline{\mathbf{x}} \frac{3x}{14}$ So, mother's estate = $2 \times \sqrt{\frac{3x}{14}} = \sqrt{\frac{6x}{14}}$ Remaining estate = $x - \left(\frac{x}{2} + \frac{6x}{14}\right)$ = $x - \frac{13x}{4} = \sqrt{\frac{x}{14}}$ Then, $\frac{x}{14} = 500 \implies x = \sqrt{\frac{7}{2}7000}$

- **53.** (c) Suppose number of boys = b 1st boy dances with 5 girls (1 + 4 = 5)2nd boy dances with 6 girls (2 + 4 = 6)3rd boy dances with 7 girls (3 + 4 = 7) \therefore bth boy dances with (b + 4) girls Hence, g = b + 4 $\Rightarrow b = g - 4$
- 54. (a) Five years ago total age of husband and wife $= 22 \times 2$ = 44 yrPresent age of husband and wife = 44 + 2 × 5 = 44 + 10 = 54 yr

:. Total age of the family = 54 + 3 = 57 yr 57

Hence, average age of the family
$$= \frac{19}{3}$$
 yr

55. (c) Availability of observable evidences will be acceptable for establishing a fact.

Solutions (Q. Nos. 56-59)

From the given information, we can definitely say that B's presentation will be immediately before C's presentation and their presentation together will be either pre lunch or post lunch. D is either first or last scientist to present his paper.

- **56.** (d) If *C* is fifth scientist to present his paper, then *B* must be fourth to present his paper because *B*'s presentation will be immediately before *C*'s presentation.
- **57.** (b) We know that *B* and *C* scientists presentation cannot be separated by the lunch break, in this case *B* could be placed in third order of presenters.
- 58. (d) From the given information, we can say that, D is the first scientist and F is the second scientist, then C can be

present in only either fifth or sixth place. As B and C have to present in two consecutive position either pre lunch or post lunch.

- **59.** (c) If F and E are fifth and sixth scientists, then D will be the first scientist, B and C will be the second and third presenters. Hence, A is the fourth presenter.
 - Solutions (Q. Nos. 60-63)

Persons	Occupation	Male/Female	Relationship
Grandmother	Lawyer	Female	Reena's mother-in-law
Mukesh	Teacher	Male	
Rakesh	Teacher	Male	
Reena	Lawyer	Female	Rakesh's wife
Ajay		Male	Mukesh's son
Mukesh's wife	Doctor	Female	

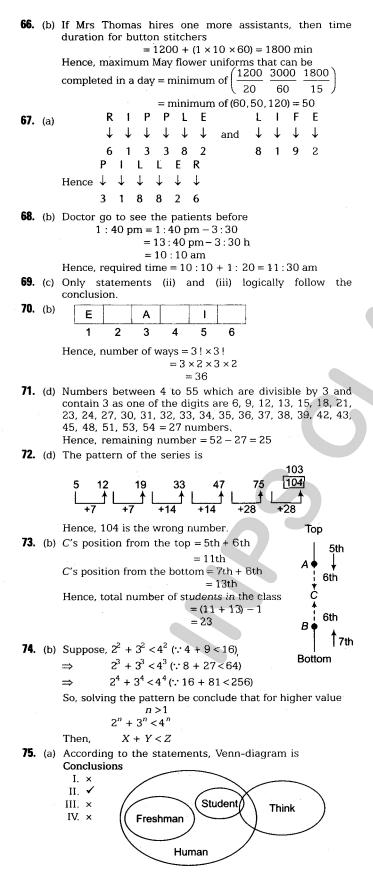
- 60. (c) Rakesh's wife profession is a lawyer.
- 61. (b) Three male members in the family.
- 62. (b) We cannot determined Ajay's grandfather occupation.
- 63. (d) We cannot determined the profession of Ajay.
- **Solutions** (Q. Nos. 64-66) Time taken for stitching school uniforms

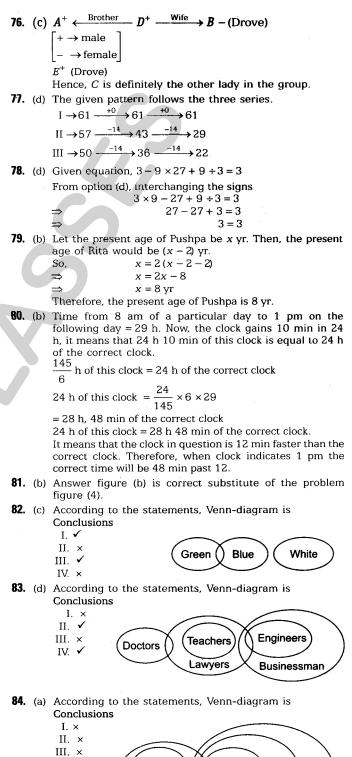
	School	Cutting	Stitching	Button Stitching		
M	lay flower	20 min	60 min	15 min		
Li	ttle flower	30 min	60 minu	30 min		
		f fabric cutter				
		mber of tailor				
		r of assistants				
		em do the wo	$c cutters = 2 \times 10$	0 6		
	Time dura	tion for labric	= 20 h			
			= 1200			
	Time dura	tion for tailor				
			= 50 h			
			= 3000 min			
	Time dura	ition for butto	n stitchers = 2 >	×10 h		
			= 20 h			
			= 1200			
		Maximum number of Little flower uniforms that can be				
	cut in a day $=\frac{1200}{30}=40$					
	Maximum	number of Li	ttle flower unifo	orms that can be		
•	stitch in a day = $\frac{3000}{60}$ = 50					
	Maximum	number of I	Little flower un	iforms that can		
	buttoned	in a day = $\frac{12}{3}$	$\frac{200}{30} = 40$			
4. (c)		of Little flowe in a day = 40		at Mrs Thomas c		
5 . (a)	If Mrs T	homas decid	ed to complet	e 20 Little flow		
	uniforms.					
÷	Then, tim		fabric cutters			
		= 1200 = 600 i	$-(20 \times 30)$			
	Time dure		rs = 3000 - (20)	× 60)		
	Time dun	action for tanor	s = 1800 - (20) = 1800 min	~ 00/		
	Time dura	ation for assist	tants = 1200 - 1000	(20 ×30)		
	2 mile d'un		= 600 min	-		
	Hence, nu	umber of May	flower – unifori	ms that can be		
	· · ·	in a day = m	~ (600	$\left(\frac{1800}{60}, \frac{600}{15}\right)$		
		\doteq m	inimum of (30,	30, 40) = 30		
				and the second sec		



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